ABSTRACT – 2017 CIGR World Workshop in Matsuyama – September 2017

Put Your Title Here

(Title: Times New Roman, 14 point bold font, center, capitalize only the first letter of the first word)

**Axxxxx B. Cxxx**\*1, **Dxxx Exxxx**2

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**Abstract:** The residual product of anaerobic digestion, called digestate, contains high concentrations of inorganics like nitrogen and potassium, and it can be used as liquid fertilizer for crop production. When using digestate as nutrient solution for hydroponic culture, however, plant growth is often strongly inhibited due to root damage. This damage may be caused by several potential inhibitors contained in the digestate. In this study, we aimed to identify the main source(s) of inhibition when cucumber seedlings were grown hydroponically with digestate as nutrient solution, focusing on nitrogen form, particulates, microorganisms, and pH of the digestate. When inorganic nitrogen in the digestate was provided as a high concentration of NH4+ (260 mg NH4+–N L–1), all the seedlings’ roots died, regardless of whether particulates and microorganisms were present. The inhibition of shoot and root growth in NH4+ was mitigated by decreasing the pH of the digestate, and this effect was enhanced by inactivating the microorganisms in the digestate. When the nitrogen form in the digestate was a low concentration of NH4+ (20 mg NH4+–N L–1) and a high concentration of NO3– (110 mg NO3––N L–1), the dry weights of shoots and roots were much greater than those grown with only NH4+ (130 mg NH4+–N L–1). This effect was enhanced by removing particulates and microorganisms from the digestate by membrane filtration. These results indicate that decreasing NH4+ and pH and increasing NO3– in filtered digestate can improve the suitability of digestate as a nutrient solution for plant hydroponics. (Times New Roman, 12 point, no more than **250 words** long)

**Keywords:** Agronomic use of digestate, hydroponics, plant reaction (Times New Roman, 12 point, no more than 7 keywords or key phrases, separated by commas)

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